## MARKING SCHEME <br> SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER -I <br> ACCOUNTANCY <br> Class - XII <br> Set - I <br> Part A

## Accounting for Not for Profit Organizations, Partnership Firms and Companies

1. Such organisations are formed for providing service to a specific group or public at large and not to earn profit.
2. Charu is correct.

Reason : In the absence of partnership deed profits are to be shared equally. $\quad(1 / 2+1 / 2=1)$
3. Gaining share $=$ New Share-Old Share
4. Old Ratio i.e. 1:1
5. The debentures which are convertible into equity shares or other securities either at the option of debentureholder or at the option of the company after a specified period.
6.

## COSMOS CLUB

Balance Sheet as on 31 March, 2007

$(1 / 2 \times 6=3)$
7. (i) Utilise Rs. $10,00,000$ to write off underwriting commission.
(ii) Utilise remaining Rs. 12,00,000 to provide for premium on redemption of $9 \%$ Debentures.
( $1^{11 / 2}+1^{11 / 2}=3$ )

IOURNAL

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bank Account Dr. To Share Application \& Allotment A/c (Being application money received on 30,000 shares @ Rs. 11 each ) |  | 3,30,000 | 3,30,000 |
|  | Share Application \& Allotment Account Dr To Share Capital Account To Securities Premium Account To Bank Account (Being application money adjusted towards share capital and securities premium; balance refunded) |  | 3,30,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,00,000 \\ 20,000 \\ 1,10,000 \end{array}$ |

9. 

JOURNAL

| Date | Particulars |  | L.F. | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31.3.07 | B's Current A/c <br> C's Current A/c <br> To A's Current A/c <br> (Being omission of interest on capital for three years rectified) | Dr. <br> Dr. |  | 1,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Working Notes :

(i) Interest on capital
(A) $\frac{10}{100} \times$ Rs. $1,00,000=$ Rs. $10,000 \times 3$ years $=$ Rs. 30,000
(B) $\frac{10}{100} \times$ Rs. $80,000=$ Rs. $8,000 \times 3$ years $=$ Rs. 24,000
(C) $\frac{10}{100} \times$ Rs. $70,000=$ Rs. $7,000 \times 3$ years $=$ Rs. 21,000

Total
Rs. 75,000
(1)
(ii) Statement showing Adjustment to be made :

| Particulars | A | B | C |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1. Amount already credited by way |  |  |  |
| of share of profit | Rs. 25,000 | Rs. 25,000 | Rs. 25,000 |
| 2. Amount which should have been |  |  |  |
| credited by way of interest on capital | Rs. 30,000 | Rs. 24,000 | Rs. 21,000 |
| 3. Difference (1-2) | Rs. 5,000 | 1,000 | Rs. 4,000 |
|  | Cr. | Dr. | Dr. |
|  | Short | excess | excess |

10. 

$$
\begin{align*}
& \begin{array}{lll}
\boldsymbol{X} & \mathbf{Y} & \mathbf{Z}
\end{array} \\
& \text { Old Ratio } \\
& 5: 3: 2 \\
& \text { New Ratio } 2: 3: 5 \\
& \text { Change in Ratio }=O R-N R \\
& X=\frac{5}{10}-\frac{2}{10}=3 / 10 \text { (Sacrificing Partner) } \\
& Y=\frac{3}{10}-\frac{3}{10}=0 \\
& Z=\frac{2}{10}-\frac{5}{10}=-\frac{3}{10} \text { (Gaining Partner) } \tag{1}
\end{align*}
$$

Total amount of adjustment to be made :
Profit and Loss A/c (Cr. Balance)
Rs.24,000

Advertisement Suspense
Total Amount to be adjusted $\overline{\underline{12,000}}$

Z's share of gain $=3 / 10 \times$ Rs. $12,000=$ Rs.3, 600
X's share of sacrifice $=3 / 10 \times$ Rs. $12,000=$ Rs.3,600
JOURNAL

| Date | Particulars | Rs. | Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Z's Capital A/c Dr. <br> To X's Capital A/c <br> (Being adjustment made on account of <br> change in profit-sharing ratio) | 3,600 | 3,600 |

(2)
$(1+1+2=4)$
11.

## Book of Vinod Ltd Journal

| Date | Particulars | Amount (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10\% Debentures A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> To profit on Redemption of Debentures A/c <br> (Being purchase of 400 debentures @ Rs. 97.50 <br> plus 200 for expenses) | 40,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 39,200 \\ 800 \end{array}$ |
| 2 | $10 \%$ Debentures A/c Dr To Debenture Holders A/c (Being redemption of Rs. 10,000 debentures due) | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| 3 | Debenture Holders A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being amount paid to debenture holders) | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| 4 | Profit on Redemption of debentures $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{c} \mathrm{Dr}$ <br> To Capital Reserve A/c <br> (Being transfer of Profit on redemption to Capital Reserve) | 800 | 800 |
| 5 | Profit and Loss Appropriation A/c <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being transfer of Profit to Debenture <br> Redemption Reserve) | 10,000 | 10,000 |

2 marks for entry no. $1,1 / 2$ mark each for remaining 4 entries $2+1 / 2+1 / 2+1 / 2+1 / 2=4$ marks
12. (a)

JOURNAL

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plant and Machinery A/c Dr. |  | 4,00,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,00,000 \\ 15,00,000 \\ 1,00,000 \end{array}$ |
|  | Buildings A/c Dr. |  | 6,00,000 |  |
|  | Stock A/c Dr. |  | 5,00,000 |  |
|  | Sundry Debtors A/c <br> To Sundry Creditors A/c <br> To Krishna Limited A/c <br> To Capital Reserve A/c <br> being the purchase of assets and liabilities f Krishna Limited) |  | 3,00,000 |  |
|  |  |  | 3,00,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Krishna Limited A/c Dr. |  |  | 3,00,000 |
|  | To Bank A/c |  | 12,00,000 |  |
|  | (Being Rs.3,00,000 paid to |  |  |  |
|  | Krishna Ltd. by cheque) |  |  |  |
|  | Krishna Limited A/c Dr. |  |  |  |
|  | To 9\% Debentures A/c |  |  | 12,00,000 |
|  | (Being the balance Rs. 12,00,000 discharged by issue of $9 \%$ Debentures at par) |  |  |  |

$(1+1+1=3)$
12. (b)

JOURNAL

| Date | Particulars | L.F. | Debit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.1.04 | Bank A/c <br> To 10\% Debenture Application and Allotment A/c <br> (Being application money received on 1000 debentures @ Rs.500) |  | 5,00,000 | 5,00,000 |
| 1.1.04 | 10\% Debenture Application and Allotment A/c Dr. <br> To 10\% Debentures A/c <br> (Being application money transferred to $10 \%$ Debentures account consequent upon allotment) |  | 5,00,000 | 5,00,000 |
| 1.1.06 | 10\% Debentures A/c <br> To Debentureholder A/c <br> (Being amount due to Debentureholder on conversion) |  | 1,00,000 | 1,00,000 |
| 1.1.06 | Debentureholder A/c <br> To Equity Share Capital A/c <br> To Securities Premium A/c <br> (Being the issue of 800 equity shares of Rs. 100 each at a premium of Rs. 25 per share) |  | 1,00,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 80,000 \\ & 20,000 \end{aligned}$ |

Working Note : Calculation of Number of Shares

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Number of equity shares } & =\frac{1,00,000}{125} \\
& =800 .
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
(1 / 2+1+1 / 2+1=3)
$$

$$
(3+3=6)
$$

13. 

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending December, 2006
Dr.
Cr.

| Expenditure | Rs. | Income | Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To Salaries Rs.3,30,000 |  | By Subscription Rs.6,60,000 |  |
| Add: Outstanding |  | Add : Advance |  |
| for salaries $\quad 30,000$ | 3,60,000 | Subscription received |  |
| To Depreciation on |  | in 2005 for 2006 Rs. 20,000 | 6,80,000 |
| Sports Equipments 3,00,000 |  | By Interest on Investments |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} +4,00,000 \\ -6,50,000 \end{array}$ | 50,000 | @8\% on Rs.5,00,000 | 40,000 |
| To Surplus | 3,10,000 |  |  |
| (bal. fig.) | 7,20,000 |  | $\underline{\underline{7,20,000}}$ |

Balance Sheet as on 31st December, 2006

| Liabilities |  | Rs. | Assets | Rs. |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Capital Fund | Rs. 9,70,000 |  | Investments |  | $5,00,000$ |
| Add : Surplus | $\underline{3,10,000}$ | $12,80,000$ | Sports Equipments | Rs.3,00,000 |  |
|  |  |  | Add : Purchased | $\underline{4,00,000}$ |  |
| Salaries Outstanding | 30,000 | Less : Depreciation | $\underline{50,000}$ | $6,50,000$ |  |
|  |  | Cash |  | $1,60,000$ |  |
|  |  | $\underline{\underline{13,10,000}}$ |  | $\underline{\underline{13,10,000}}$ |  |

(21/2)

## Working Note :

Balance Sheet as on 31st December, 2005

| Liabilities | Rs. | Assets | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Subscription Received in |  | Cash | $1,90,000$ |
| Advance | 20,000 | Investment | $5,00,000$ |
| Capital Fund | $\underline{9,70,000}$ | Sports Equipment | $\underline{\underline{9,90,000}}$ |
| (bal.fig) |  | $\underline{\underline{9,90,000}}$ |  |

Dr.
Cr .

| Particulars | Rs. | Particulars | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Machinery | 10,000 | By Leasehold | 25,000 |
| To Profit Transferred to |  | By Patents | 10,000 |
| Capital Accounts : |  |  |  |
| Ram : Rs. 12,500 |  |  |  |
| Mohan : 7,500 | $\underline{25,000}$ |  | $\underline{35,000}$ |
| Sohan : $\quad \underline{35,000}$ |  | $\underline{3}$ |  |

(2)

Sohan's Capital Account

|  | Rs. |  | Rs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| To Sohan's Executor's A/C | 1,26,000 | By Balance b/d | 75,000 |
|  |  | By Revaluation A/c | 5,000 |
|  |  | By Ram's Capital A/c |  |
|  |  | $\left(\text { Rs. } 35,000 \frac{\mathrm{x} 5}{8}\right)$ | 21,875 |
|  |  | By Mohan's Capital A/c |  |
|  |  | $\left(\text { Rs. } 35,000 \frac{\mathrm{x} 3}{8}\right)$ | 13,125 |
|  |  | By P\& L Suspense A/c | 5,000 |
|  |  | By Workmen's Compensation Reserve A/c | 6,000 |
|  | 1,26,000 |  | 1,26,000 |

## Working Notes :

(i) Sohan's share of Goodwill : $1 / 5$ of Rs. $1,75,000=$ Rs. 35,000 .

The amount for Goodwill to be contributed by Ram and Mohan in the ratio of 5:3.
(ii) Profit of Sohan till the time of death that is upto 31.07 .2006 (for 4 months)

Rs. $75,000 \times 4 / 12 \times \frac{2}{10}$
$=\quad$ Rs. 5,000.

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| Date | Particulars | L. F. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dr. } \\ \text { Amt. (Rs.) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Cr} . \\ \text { Amt. (Rs.) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Bank A/c <br> To Share Application A/c <br> (Being application money received on 23000 shares @Rs. 10 per share) |  | 2,30,000 | 2,30,000 |
| (ii) | Share Application A/c <br> To Share Capital A/c <br> To Share Allotment A/c <br> To Call in advance $A / c$ <br> To Bank A/c <br> (Being application money adjusted and balance refunded) |  | 2,30,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,00,000 \\ 80,000 \\ 20,000 \\ 30,000 \end{array}$ |
| (iii) | Share Allotment A/c Dr. <br> To Share Capital A/c  <br> To Securities Premium A/c  <br> (Being allotment money due)  |  | 4,00,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,00,000 \\ & 1,00,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| (iv) | Bank A/c Dr. <br> To Share Allotment A/c  <br> (Being allotment money received)  |  | 3,20,000 | 3,20,000 |
| (v) | Share First \& Final Call A/c Dr. <br> To Share Capital A/c  <br> To Securities Premium A/c  <br> (Being Call money due)  |  | 7,00,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 6,00,000 \\ & 1,00,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| (vi) | Bank A/c Dr. <br> Call in advance Dr. <br> To Share First \& Final Call A/c  <br> (Being call money received)  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,80,000 \\ 20,000 \end{array}$ | 7,00,000 |

## Working Notes :

i) Total amount received on application = Rs.10x23,000
$=$ Rs. 2,30,000
ii) Pro rata category applied 12,000 : Allotted 2,000 (i.e. 6:1)

Money received on application $12,000 \times \mathrm{Rs} 10$
Money required on application 2,000xRs10
Excess money received on application
Money required on allotment $2,000 x$ Rs. 40
= Rs.1,20,000
= Rs.20,000

So entire amount due on allotment is already received. Excess Rs.20,000 is transferred to calls in advance. This amount will be credited to Calls in Advance A/c. In that case, Calls in Advance A/c will be debited in entry No. 6 along with Bank A/c and Share First and Final Call A/c will be credited with full amount of Rs.7,00,000.

## OR

## IN THE BOOKS OF SANGITA LTD.

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| Date | Particulars | L. F. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dr. } \\ \text { Amt. (Rs.) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Cr} . \\ \text { Amt. (Rs.) } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Bank A/c <br> To Share Application A/c <br> (Being application money received on 92,000 shares @ 2 per share) |  | 1,84,000 | 1,84,000 |
| (ii) | Share Application A/c. <br> To Share Capital A/c. <br> To Bank A/c <br> To Share Allotment A/c <br> (Being the application money adjusted towards share capital and share allotment and surplus refunded ) |  | 1,84,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,20,000 \\ 4,000 \\ 60,000 \end{array}$ |
| (iii) | Share Allotment A/c Dr. To Share Capital A/c (Being allotement money due on 60,000 Shares @ Rs. 3 per Share) |  | 1,80,000 | 1,80,000 |
| (iv) | Bank A/c Dr. <br> To Share Allotment A/c  <br> (Being allotment money received)  |  | 1,08,000 | 1,08,000 |
| (v) | Share First and Final Call A/c Dr. <br> To Share Capital A/c <br> (Being first and final call money due on 60,000 shares <br> @ Rs. 5 per share) |  | 3,00,000 | 3,00,000 |
| (vi) | Bank A/c. <br> To Share First and Final Call A/c (Being first and final call money received) |  | 2,50,000 | 2,50,000 |
| (vii) | Share Capital A/c Dr. <br> To Share Allotment A/c <br> To Share First and Final Call A/c <br> To Share Forfeited A/c <br> (Being 4000 shares forfeited due to non-payment of allotment and first and final call) |  | 40,000 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,000 \\ 20,000 \\ 8,000 \end{array}$ |

## Working Notes :

1. Utilization of excess money received on application for pro rata category $5: 2$

Money received on application 50,000x Rs. 2
Rs.
Money required an application 20,000x Rs. 2
Excess money received
$=40,000$
Amount due on allotment 20,000x Rs. 3
$=60,000$
$=60,000$
So entire excess money (Rs. 60,000) is adjusted towards allotment.
2. Number of shares on which allotment is not received

Total Allotment money due 60000x Rs. 3
Rs.
Less : Allotment money already received
$=1,80,000$
Less : Allotment money received
$=60,000$
Amount not received on allotment
$=1,08,000$
Allotment money per share
$=12,000$

Number of shares on which Allotment
Money is not received $=\frac{12,000}{3}=4,000$ Shares
3. Number of Shares on which first call is not received

Rs.
Total First Call money due
60,000xRs. 5
$=3,00,000$
Less First Call money received
= 2,50,000
Amount Not Received on first call = 50,000
First call per share
Rs. 5
Number of shares on which first call money is not received $=\frac{50,000}{5}=10,000$ Shares
(Which includes 4,000 shares on which allotment money was not received. These shares were forfeited)
16.

## Revaluation A/c

| Particulars | Rs. | Particulars | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| To Stock | To Partners' Capital A/c | 2,000 | By Furniture |
| L 2,500 | 4,000 |  | 6,000 |
| M 1,500 |  |  |  |
|  | 6,000 |  | 6,000 |

Partners' Capital A/c.
Cr.

$\left(1^{112} \times 3=41 / 2\right)$
Balance Sheet as at..........

| Liabilities |  | Rs. | Assets | Rs. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Capital | Rs. |  | Machinery | 26,000 |
| L | 39,000 |  | Furniture | 24,000 |
| M | 27,000 |  | Stock | 8,000 |
| N | $\underline{y y y y}$ |  | 83,000 | Debtors |
| Bank Loan |  | 12,000 | Cash | 8,000 |
|  |  | 2,000 |  | 31,000 |
|  |  | 97,000 |  | 97,000 |

*Working Note
N's Capital A/c Dr 8,000

| To L's Capital A/c | 4,000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| To M's Capital A/c | 4,000 |

4,000
$1^{112}+4^{112} 2+2=8$
OR


Partners' Capital A/c

| Particulars | X (Rs) | $\mathbf{Y}(\mathbf{R s})$ | Particulars | $\mathbf{X ( R s )}$ | Y (Rs) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| To Profit \& Loss A/c | 8,000 | 2,000 | By Balance b/d | 50,000 | 40,000 |
| To Realisation A/c | - | 4000 | By Realisation A/c | 8,000 | - |
| To Realisation A/c | 7,200 | 1,800 |  |  |  |
| (Loss) |  |  |  |  |  |
| To Bank A/c | 42,800 | 32,200 |  | 58,000 | 40,000 |
|  | 58,000 | 40,000 |  |  |  |

Dr.

| $c$ | Bank A/c |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Particulars | Amount (Rs) | Particulars | Amount (Rs) |
| To balance b/d | 20,000 | By Y's Loan A/c | 3,000 |
| To Realisation A/c | 72,000 | By Realisation A/c |  |
|  |  | Liabilities paid off | 12,000 |
|  |  | By Realisation Exp. A/c | 2,000 |
|  |  | By X's Capital A/c | 42,800 |
|  |  | By Y's Capital A/c | 32,200 |
|  |  |  | 92,000 |

(2)
$(4+2+2=8)$

## PART - B

17. The two choices to maintain Debt equity at $1: 1$ from $3: 1$ are :
(i) To increase equity
or (ii) To reduce Debt
(iii) Both i.e. increase equity and reduce Debt.
18. No Flow
19. Operating Activity

## Liabilities side of the Company's Balance Sheet as per

 Schedule VI Part -I of the Companies Act, 1956| Liabilities | Rs. | Asset | Rs. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Share Capital |  |  |  |
| 2. Reserves \& Surplus |  |  |  |
| 3. Secured Loans |  |  |  |
| 4. Unsecured Loans |  |  |  |
| 5. Current Liabilities \& |  |  |  |
| Provisions : |  |  |  |
| (A) Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| (B) Provision |  |  |  |

( $1 / 2$ Mark for first four items and $1 / 2+1 / 2$ for fifth item $=3$ )
21.

Comparative Income Statement
for the year ended 31st Dec, 2007

| Particulars | Absolute Figures |  | Change (Base year 2006) <br> Absolute <br> figures <br> (Rs.) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2006 <br> (Rs.) |  | 2007 <br> (Rs.) | (\%) |
| Sales | $20,00,000$ | $30,00,000$ | $10,00,000$ | $50 \%$ |
| Less : Cost of goods sold | $12,00,000$ | $21,00,000$ | $9,00,000$ | $75 \%$ |
| Gross Income / Profit | $8,00,000$ | $9,00,000$ | $1,00,000$ | $12.5 \%$ |
| Less : Indirect Expenses | $(4,00,000)$ | $(3,60,000)$ | 40,000 | $10 \%$ |
| Profit before Tax | $4,00,000$ | $5,40,000$ | $1,40,000$ | $35 \%$ |
| Less : Tax (50\%) | $(2,00,000)$ | $(2,70,000)$ | $(70,000)$ | $35 \%$ |
| Profit after tax | $2,00,000$ | $2,70,000$ | 70,000 | $35 \%$ |

2 marks for calculating absolute changes
2 marks for calculating percentage
22. $\quad$ Liquid Ratio $=\frac{\text { Liquid Assets }}{\text { Current Liabilities }}$

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
= & \text { Bills Receivables }+ \text { Debtors }+ \text { Cash } \\
=\text { Creditors }+ \text { Bills Payable } \\
= & \frac{4,00,000+20,00,000+1,00,000}{15,00,000+10,00,000} \\
= & \frac{25,00,000}{25,00,000}
\end{array}
$$

After Court's decision, Current Liability increased by Rs. 4,00,000 and thus

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Liquid Ratio }=\quad \frac{25,00,000}{29,00,000} \\
& =0.86: 1 \text { hence reduced }
\end{aligned}
$$

Current Ratio before court's decision was

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{\text { Current Assets }}{\text { Current Liabilities }} \\
& =\frac{\text { Liquid Assets }+ \text { Stock }}{\text { Current Liabilities }} \\
& =\frac{25,00,000+9,00,000}{25,00,000}
\end{aligned}
$$

OR 1.36: 1

After Court's decision


$$
\text { OR } 1.17 \text { : } 1
$$

Hence reduced

## CALCULATION OF CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

| Particulars | Details (Rs.) | Amount (Rs.) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Net profit before tax and extra-ordinary Items : |  | 18,000 |
| Items to be added | 4000 |  |
| Add : Depreciation | 500 |  |
| Discount on issue of Deb | 2000 |  |
| Goodwill Written off | 2100 |  |
| Interest on Debentures | 8600 |  |
| $(10 \%$ of 21000) |  |  |
| Items to be deducted | $(300)$ | 8300 |
| Less : Interest on Investment |  | 26300 |
| Operating profit before working Capital Changes |  |  |
|  |  | $(14,500)$ |
| Add : Increase in creditors | 4000 | - |
| Less : Increase in stock | $(18,500)$ | 11,800 |
|  |  |  |

## Working Notes :

Calculation of profit before Tax

Less : Closing balance as per P\& L A/c
Less : Opening balance as per P \& L
Add : Transfer to General Reserve

Rs. 7,000
$(6,000)$
5,000 18,000

## SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER-I

Subject: Accountancy
Class XII Max. Marks 80
Time : 3 hrs .

## QUESTION-WISE ANALYSIS

| S. No of question | Unit/Ch. <br> Number | Marks allotted | Estimated time (Minutes) | Estimated Difficulty level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 minutes | A |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 minutes | A |
| 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 minutes | A |
| 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 minutes | A |
| 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 minutes | A |
| 6 | 1 | 3 | 6 minutes | A |
| 7 | 4 | 3 | 6 minutes | C |
| 8 | 4 | 3 | 6 minutes | A |
| 9 | 2 | 4 | 8 minutes | B |
| 10 | 3 | 4 | 8 minutes | C |
| 11 | 4 | 4 | 8 minutes | C |
| 12 | 4 | 6 | 12 minutes | B |
| 13 | 1 | 6 | 12 minutes | B |
| 14 | 3 | 6 | 12 minutes | B |
| 15 | 4 | 8 | 16 minutes | B |
| 16 | 3 | 8 | 16 minutes | B |
| 17 | 5 | 1 | 2 minutes | B |
| 18 | 6 | 1 | 2 minutes | A |


| S. No of <br> question | Unit/Ch. <br> Number | Marks <br> allotted | Estimated time <br> (Minutes) | Estimated Difficulty <br> level |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | 6 | 1 | 2 minutes | A |
| 20 | 5 | 3 | 6 minutes | A |
| 21 | 5 | 4 | 8 minutes | B |
| 22 | 5 | 4 | 8 minutes | B |
| 23 | 6 | 6 | 12 minutes | C |
| Reference for abbreviations to Difficulty Level |  |  |  |  |
| A | Easy | $20 \%$ | 16 |  |
| B | Average | $60 \%$ | 48 |  |
| C | Difficult | $20 \%$ | 16 |  |

