Maximum Marks: 100 M



## CLASS XII SAMPLE PAPER MATHEMATICS

Time Allowed: 3 Hours *General Instructions:* 

This question paper consists of 29 questions.

All questions are compulsory.

Questions 1 – 4 carry 1 mark each, questions 5 – 12 carry 2mark each, questions 13 – 23 carry 4 marks each and questions 24 – 29 carry 6 mark each.

## **SECTION A**

1) If f(x) = [x] and g(x) = |x| find (gof)  $[-\frac{5}{3}]$ 

2) Find the principal value of  $\csc^{-1}\left(2\tan\frac{11\pi}{6}\right)$ 

3) If AB=A and BA=B. Show that  $A=A^2$ 

4) Find the equation of the line passing through (1,-2,5) and perpendicular to the plane 2x + 3y - z = 8

5) With out expanding evaluate:  $\begin{vmatrix} 41 & 1 & 5 \\ 49 & 7 & 9 \\ 29 & 5 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$ 

6) If  $\begin{bmatrix} xy & 4 \\ 2+6 & x+y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & \omega \\ 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$  find x+y+z.

7) Find the rate of change of the area of a circle with respect to its circumference when radius is 3cm.

8) Find the point of local minima or local maxima if any of  $f(x) = \sin 2x - x$ ,  $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

9) Find the angle between the line  $\vec{r} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{k} + \lambda \left(\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}\right)$  and the plane 2x - 3y + z = 3.

10) Find the angle between the lines. 2x - 3y = -7 and 6x = -y = -7

2x = 3y = -z and 6x = -y = -4z

11) Find the angle between  $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}$ 

12) Find the area of the ABC triangle having vertices A(1,-2,3),B(0,4,-4) and C(3,6,9).

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## **SECTION C**

13) Show that 
$$\begin{vmatrix} x & p & q \\ p & x & q \\ q & q & x \end{vmatrix} = (x-p)(x^2+px-2q^2)$$

- 14) A trust fund has Rs. 30,000 that has to invested in two different types of bonds. The first bond pays 5% interest per year and the second bond pays 7% interest per year. Using matrix multiplication, determine how to divide Rs. 30,000 among two types of bonds to obtain an annual total interest Rs.
- 15) Find the value of a,b,c so that

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{Sin(a+1)x + \sin x}{x}, & x < 0 \\ c & x = 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{x + bx^2} - \sqrt{x}}{bx\sqrt{x}} & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Is continuous at x = 0

**16)** Differentiate w.r.t. *x* 

$$y = 5^{3-x^2} + \left(3 - x^2\right)^5$$

17) Evaluate :  $\int \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{1 + \sin 2x} dx$ 

Evaluate: 
$$\int e^x \left( \frac{x^2 + 1}{(x+1)^2} \right) dx$$

**18)** Evaluate:  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin 2x \ tan^{-1}(\sin x) \ dx$  OR Evaluate:  $\int_0^{\pi} \frac{X}{a^2 \cos^2 X + h^2 \sin^2 X}$ 

19) Let S be a relation on the set R of all real numbrs defined by

$$S = \{(a,b): a^2 + b^2 = 1\}$$

Prove that S is not an equivalent relation on R

- **20**) If  $\sin^{-1}\frac{2a}{1+a^2} + \sin^{-1}\frac{2b}{1+b^2} = 2\tan^{-1}x$ , Prove that  $x = \frac{a+b}{1-ab}$ 
  - **21**) Show that the maximum value of  $\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^2$  is  $e^{\frac{1}{e}}$ .

Find the angle of intersection of the line xy = 6 and  $x^2y = 12$ .

**22**) Find the distance of the point  $\hat{i} + 6\hat{y} + 3\hat{k}$  from the line  $\vec{r} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{k} + \lambda(\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$ 



**23**) A man known to speak the truth 3 times out of the 5 times. He throw a die and reported that it is one. Find the probability that it is actually one.

## **SECTION D**

**24**) An isosceles triangle of vertical angle  $2\theta$  is inscribed in a circle of radius r. Show that the area of the triangle is maximum when  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ .

Or

Show that the volume of the greatest cylinder which can be inscribed in a cone of height h and semi vertical angle  $45^{\circ}$  is  $\frac{4}{27}\pi h^3$ .

- 25) Find the point intersection of the planes 2x y + z = 4, 5x + 7y + 2z = 0 and 3x + 4y 2z + 3 = 0.
- **26)** Solve :  $x^2 dx (x^3 + y^3) dx = 0$

Or

Solve 
$$x \frac{dx}{dx} + y - x + xy$$
  $\cot x = 0$ 

27) Find the area of the region  $\left\{ (x, y) : \frac{x^2}{y^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} \le \left| \le \frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} \right| \right\}$ 

OR

$$\{(x,y): |x-1| \le y \le \sqrt{5-x^2}\}$$

- **28**) A letter is known to have come either from LONDON or CLIFTON on the letter two consecutive letters on ON are visible . What is the probability that the letter has come from
- (i) LONDON,
- (ii) CLIFTON
- 29. If a young man rides his motor cycle at 25 km/h, he has to spend Rs 2 / km on petrol, if he rides it at a faster speed at 40km/h, he spend Rs 5/km on petrol. He has Rs100 to spend on petrol and wishes to travel maximum distance with in on hour. Expess this as a linear programming and solve it.

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