# THiA The Excellence Key... 

## CODE:1302-AG-1||IND TERM-21-22

पजियन क्रमांक

REG.NO:-TMC -D/79/89/36

## General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them :

1. The question paper consists of 14 questions divided into 3 sections $A, B, C$.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Section A comprises of 6 questions of 2 marks each. Internal choice has been provided in two questions.
4. Section B comprises of 4 questions of 3 marks each. Internal choice has been provided in one question.
5. Section C comprises of 4 questions of 4 marks each. An internal choice has been provided in one question. It contains two case study based questions.

| EXAMINATION 2021 -22(IIND TERM) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Time: 2 Hours |  | Maximum Marks : 40 |
| CLASS - XII |  | MATHEMATICS |
| Sr. No. | SECTION - ${ }^{\text {A }}$ (6 X 2=12) | Marks allocated |
| Q. 1 | Evaluate: $\int \frac{\sqrt{\tan x}}{\sin x \cos x} d x$. <br> OR <br> Evaluate: $\int \sqrt{e^{x}-1} d x$ | 2 |
| Q. 2 | Solve the differential equation: $\left(e^{y}+1\right) \cos x d x+e^{y} \sin x d y=0$. | 2 |
| Q. 3 | If $\hat{a}, \hat{b}$ and $\hat{c}$ are mutually perpendicular unit vectors, then find the value of $\|2 \hat{a}+\hat{b}+\hat{c}\|$. | 2 |
| Q. 4 | Find the angle between the lines $2 x=3 y=-z$ and $6 x=-y=-4 z$. | 2 |
| Q. 5 | Let A and B be independent events such that $P(A \cup B)=.85$ and P $(\operatorname{not} \mathrm{B})=0.65$. Find $P(A)$. | 2 |

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| Q. 6 | Two cards are drawn without replacement from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. If first drawn card is king find the probability that second drawn is also king. | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SECTION - B ( $3 \times 4=12$ ) |  |
| Q. 7 | Evaluate: $\int \frac{\sin 4 x-2}{1-\cos 4 x} e^{2 x} d x$. | 3 |
| Q. 8 | Solve the differential equation: $(x+\log y) d y+y d x=0$.OR Solve the differential equation: $x^{2} \frac{d y}{d x}=x^{2}+x y+y^{2}$. | 3 |
| Q. 9 | Find the values of ' $a$ ' for which the vector $\vec{r}=\left(a^{2}-4\right) i+2 j-\left(a^{2}-9\right) k$ makes acute angles with the coordinate axes. | 3 |
| Q. 10 | Find the point on the line $\frac{x-1}{2}=\frac{y+2}{3}=\frac{z-3}{6}$ at a distance 3 from the point (1,-2,3) . . <br> OR <br> From the point $\mathrm{P}(1,2,4)$, a perpendicular is drawn on the plane $2 \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{y}-2 \mathrm{z}+3=0$. Find the equation, the length and the coordinates of the foot of the perpendicular. | 3 |
|  | SECTION - C (4 X 4 = 16) |  |
| Q. 11 | Evaluate : $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{2 x(1+\sin x)}{1+\cos ^{2} x} d x$. | 4 |
| Q. 12 | Find the area of the region $\left\{(x, y): y^{2} \geq 6 x, x^{2}+y^{2} \leq 16\right\}$. OR Using integration, find the area in the first quadrant bounded by the curves $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}\|\mathrm{x}\| \&$ circle $x^{2}+y^{2}=2$ and y - axis . | 4 |
| Q. 13 | Find the distance of the point (3, -2, 1) from the plane $3 x+y-z+2=0$ measured parallel to the line $\frac{x-1}{2}=\frac{y+2}{-3}=\frac{z-1}{1}$. Also find the foot of the perpendicular from the given point upon the line which is perpendicular to plane . | 4 |
| Q. 14 | CASE - STUDY <br> Bag A contains 4 red and 5 black balls, while bag B has 3 red and 7 black balls. One ball is drawn from each bag. Find the probability <br> (i) balls are different color <br> (ii) balls are same color . | 4 |



