

CBSE Question Paper – 2010 GEOGRAPHY Class – XII

Time allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

- 1. Name any two areas of high latitudes in the world, where gathering economic activity is practiced.
- 2. Name the type of most of the great ports of the world.
- 3. Categories the international trade into two types.

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

1

1

1

1

- 4. Which class of cities has the largest number of towns and cities in India?
- 5. Which sector (economic activity) uses most of the surface and ground water in India?
- 6. Name the place of Maharashtra, where an atomic power station is located.
- 7. Name the iron and steel Plant located in Chhattisgarh.
- 8. Which country is the largest trading partner of India?





9. Which export commodity of India has the highest value?

1

10. Which is the main source of environmental pollution in India?

1

11. What types of rural settlements are generally found in the fertile alluvial plains of India? Mention any two features of such type of settlements.

1+2=3

12. Classify industries of the world on the basis of ownership into three groups. State the main feature of each group.

$$1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} = 3$$

13. How does technology loosen the shackles of environment of human beings? Explain with examples.

 $3 \times 1 = 3$

14. Which are the two factors affecting tourism in the world? Explain each factor with example.

2+1=3

15. Explain any three features of underground mining method used in different countries of the world.

3×1=3

16. How is the difference in national resources a basis of international trade? Explain With three examples.

3×1=3

17. How is the degradation of cultivable land one of the serious problems in India? Explain in any three points.

 $3 \times 1 = 3$

18. How has introduction on Indira Gandhi Canal irrigation in the dry lands of Rajasthan influenced the environmental conditions of the region positively? Explain in any three points.

3×1=3

19. Explain the three types of changes that have affected land use in India.





 $3 \times 1 = 3$

20. How do slums develop in India? Explain any four miserable conditions of the residents of slum areas.

1+2=3

21. Explain the meaning of rural settlements. Describe any four problems related to rural settlements of the world.

5

22. What is the importance of air transport? Describe any four characteristics of air transport system of India.

5

23. What is the meaning of density of population? Explain with examples four geographical factors influencing the distribution of population in the world.

1+4=5

24. What is the significance of inland waterways? Explain the three factors responsible for the development of inland waterways in the world.

2+3=5

25. Study the given diagram, showing Intra State Migration Streams in India and answer The questions that follow:

1+2+2=5

- (25.1) which migration stream shows the highest number of migrants in both male and Female categories?
- (25.2) why does this migration stream show the highest migration in both the categories? Give one reason for each.
- (25.3) why do female migrants dominate in all the four streams of migration? Give two Reasons.
 - 26. (26.1) in the given political outline map of the World (on page 9) the following four Features are shown:

 $4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$

A. The country having the largest population in Europe



- B. A major seaport
- C. A major airport
- D. A mega city

Identify these features and write their correct names on the line marked against each feature.

(26.2) in the given political outline map of India (on page 11), locate and label the following With appropriate symbols:

 $3 \times 1 = 3$

- (i) The State having lowest density of population
- (ii) The software Technology Park located in Jammu and Kashmir State
- (iii) The major seaport located in Kerala



