

CLASS XI SAMPLE PAPER **ECONOMICS**

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

General instructions:

Food and clothing

- All questions in both the sections are compulsory, (i)
- (ii) Marks for questions are indicated against each.
- Questions carrying 1 mark for each part are required to be answered in one sentence each. (iii)
- Questions carrying 3 marks are required to be answered in not more than 60 words each. (iv)
- Questions carrying 4 marks are required to be answered in not more than 70 words each. (v)
- Questions carrying 6 marks each are required to be answered in not more than 100 words (vi) each.
- (vii) Answers should be brief and to the point and the above word limits should be adhered to as far as possible.
- (viii) All parts of a question should be answered at one place.

Section - A (Statistics 75 Marks)

| 1. | . Define Raw data. | 1 |
|-----|--|------------------|
| 2. | . The largest value of the series is 108 and the smallest value is 29. Calcu | late its range.1 |
| 3. | . What do you mean by exclusive series? | 1 |
| 4. | . What is meant by measures of central tendency? | 1 |
| 5. | . What is the meaning of Wholesale Price Index? | 1 |
| 6, | Give welfare definition of Economics. | 1 |
| 7.4 | Give the formula of "Weighted Mean". | 1 |
| 8. | Explain Qualitative data and Quantitative data. | 1 |
| 9. | Prepare a pie diagram to represent the following data: | 3 |
| | Items Percentage of income spent | |
| | Food and clothing 60 | |



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Housing 15

Fuel and others 25

10. Construct a histogram for the following data:

Midvalue 5 10 15 20 25 30

Frequency 3 5 8 10 6 4

- 11. Draw Scatter diagram showing perfect positive correlation and zero correlation.
- 12. Prepare a frequency array of marks obtained by 20 students of a class in economics test:

20, 15, 30, 20, 40, 25, 25, 30, 40, 20, 35, 35, 50, 15, 50, 25, 40, 40, 30, 50.

13. Find Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between X and Y series by short cut method taking middle term as assumed mean from the following data:

X 10 12 8 15 20 25 40 **Y** 15 10 6 25 16 12 8

14. Calculate inter quartile range and its coefficient from the following data:

Midpoints 5 15 25 35 45

No. of students 4 3 6 5 2

15. Calculate standard deviation by using actual mean method for the following data:4

Midpoints 5 15 25 35 45

No. of students 4 3 6 5 2

16. Calculate mean by short cut method taking middle term as assumed mean from the following data:

Marks more than 0 10 20 30 40 50 60

No. of students 40 38 33 25 15 7 5

17. Find the missing frequency in the following distribution if N = 100 M = 30.

 Marks
 0-10
 10-20
 20-30
 30-40
 40-50
 50-60

 No. of students
 10
 ?
 25
 30
 ?
 10

18. An enquiry into the budgets of middle class families in a certain city gave the following information:



| Expenses on | Food | Fuel | Clothing | Rent | Misc. |
|---------------|------|------|----------|------|-------|
| | 35% | 10% | 20% | 15% | 20% |
| Prices (2004) | 1500 | 250 | 750 | 300 | 400 |
| Prices (1995) | 1400 | 200 | 500 | 200 | 250 |

What is the cost of living index of 2004 as compared with 1995?

19. Calculate Mean Deviation from mean and its coefficient:

Class Interval 2-4 8-10

Frequencies

20. Calcul

| culate mode by grouping table method. | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| C.I | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| F | 15 | 20 | 25 | 24 | 12 | 31 | 71 | 52 |

21. A batsman is to be selected for a cricket team. The choice is between X and Y on the basis of their five previous scores which are:

X 25 120 85

Y 50 65 45 80 70

Which batsman is more consistent in the team?

OR

6

Describe different types of dispersion.

22. Find the coefficient of rank correlation:

45 35 15 19 35 42 25 55 60 30 35 40 42 36 48

OR

Explain different types of correlation.





23. For the data given compute index number by: i) Laspere's Method, (ii) Pasche's method, and (iii) Fisher's ideal method:

| (III) I ISIICI S Ideal II | nemou. | <u> </u> | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--|
| Commodity | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity | |
| | 2001 | 2001 | 2010 | 2010 | |
| A | 10 | 30 | 12 | 50 | |
| В | 8 | 15 | 10 | 25 | |
| С | 6 | 20 | 6 | 30 | |
| D | 4 | 10 | 6 | 20 | |

Section - B (25 Marks)

| 24. What do you mean by Liberalization? | 1 |
|---|--------|
| 25. Why did India opt for planning? | 1 |
| 26. What are the major central problems of an economy? | 3 |
| 27. Describe any four achievements of green revolution. | 4 |
| 28. Mention any five arguments in favour of privatisation. | 5 |
| 29. Critically evaluate the industrial development during the period of 1950 to 1990. | 5 |
| 30. Give a quantitative appraisal of India's demographic profile on the eve of Independ | lence. |
| 6 | |
