# **PART I: CHEMISTRY**

SECTION - I (Total Marks: 24)

(Single Correct Answer Type)

This section contains 8 multiple choice questions. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

- 1. Oxidation states of the metal in the minerals haematite and magnetite, respectively, are
  - (A) II, III in haematite and III in magnetite
  - (B) II, III in haematite and II in magnetite
  - (C) II in haematite and II, III in magnetite
  - (D) III in haematite and II, III in magnetite

#### **ANSWER: D**

2. Among the following complexes (**K**-**P**),

 ${\rm K_{3}[Fe(CN)_{6}]} \; (\textbf{K}), \; {\rm [Co(NH_{3})_{6}]Cl_{3}} \; (\textbf{L}), \; {\rm Na_{3}[Co(oxalate)_{3}]} \; (\textbf{M}), \; {\rm [Ni(H_{2}O)_{6}]Cl_{2}} \; (\textbf{N}), \; {\rm (Ni(H_{2}O)_{6})Cl_{2}} \; (\textbf{N}), \; {\rm (Ni(H_{2}O)_{6})C$ 

 $K_{2}[Pt(CN)_{4}]$  (**O**) and  $[Zn(H_{2}O)_{6}](NO_{3})_{2}$  (**P**)

the diamagnetic complexes are

- (A) K, L, M, N
- (B) K, M, O, P
- (C) L, M, O, P
- (D) L, M, N, O

#### ANSWER: C

- 3. Passing H<sub>2</sub>S gas into a mixture of Mn<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Cu<sup>2+</sup> and Hg<sup>2+</sup> ions in an acidified aqueous solution precipitates
  - (A) CuS and HgS

(B) MnS and CuS

(C) MnS and NiS

(D) NiS and HgS

#### ANSWER: A

4. Consider the following cell reaction:

 $2Fe_{(s)} + O_{2(g)} + 4H^{+}_{(aq)} \rightarrow 2Fe^{2^{+}_{(aq)}} + 2H_{2}O(l)$   $E^{0} = 1.67 \text{ V}$ 

At  $[Fe^{2+}] = 10^{-3}$  M,  $P(O_2) = 0.1$  atm and pH = 3, the cell potential at 25 °C is

- (A) 1.47 V
- (B) 1.77 V
- (C) 1.87 V
- (D) 1.57 V

ANSWER: D

The freezing point (in  $^{\circ}$ C) of a solution containing 0.1 g of  $K_{3}[Fe(CN)_{6}]$  (Mol. Wt. 329) in 5. 100 g of water ( $K_f = 1.86 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ ) is

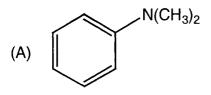
(A) 
$$-2.3 \times 10^{-2}$$

(B) 
$$-5.7 \times 10^{-2}$$

(B) 
$$-5.7 \times 10^{-2}$$
 (C)  $-5.7 \times 10^{-3}$  (D)  $-1.2 \times 10^{-2}$ 

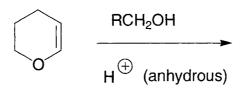
(D) 
$$-1.2 \times 10^{-2}$$

Amongst the compounds given, the one that would form a brilliant colored dye on 6. treatment with NaNO2 in dil. HCl followed by addition to an alkaline solution of β-naphthol is



**ANSWER: C** 

7. The major product of the following reaction is



(A) a hemiacetal (B) an acetal

an ether (C)

an ester (D)

**ANSWER: B** 

8. The following carbohydrate is

(A) a ketohexose

(B) an aldohexose

(C) an  $\alpha$ -furanose (D) an  $\alpha$ -pyranose

ANSWER: B

# **SECTION – II (Total Marks: 16)**

(Multiple Correct Answer(s) Type)

This section contains 4 multiple choice questions. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which ONE or MORE may be correct.

- 9. Reduction of the metal centre in aqueous permanganate ion involves
  - (A) 3 electrons in neutral medium
- (B) 5 electrons in neutral medium
- (C) 3 electrons in alkaline medium
- (D) 5 electrons in acidic medium

ANSWER: ACD

10. The equilibrium

in aqueous medium at 25 °C shifts towards the left in the presence of

- $(A) NO_3$
- (B) Cl
- (C) SCN
- (D) CN

ANSWER: BCD

11. For the first order reaction

$$2N_2O_5(g) \to 4NO_2(g) + O_2(g)$$

- (A) the concentration of the reactant decreases exponentially with time.
- (B) the half-life of the reaction decreases with increasing temperature.
- (C) the half-life of the reaction depends on the initial concentration of the reactant.
- the reaction proceeds to 99.6 % completion in eight half-life duration. (D)

#### ANSWER: ABD

12. The correct functional group X and the reagent/reaction conditions Y in the following scheme are

- (A)  $X = COOCH_3$ ,  $Y = H_2/Ni/heat$  (B)  $X = CONH_2$ ,  $Y = H_2/Ni/heat$
- (C)  $X = CONH_2$ ,  $Y = Br_2/NaOH$  (D) X = CN,  $Y = H_2/Ni/heat$

**ANSWER: CD** 

### **SECTION - III (Total Marks: 24)**

#### (Integer Answer Type)

This section contains **6 questions**. The answer to each of the questions is a **single-digit integer**, ranging from 0 to 9. The bubble corresponding to the correct answer is to be darkened in the ORS.

13. Among the following, the number of compounds than can react with  $PCl_5$  to give  $POCl_3$  is  $O_2$ ,  $CO_2$ ,  $SO_2$ ,  $H_2O$ ,  $H_2SO_4$ ,  $P_4O_{10}$ 

#### ANSWER: 4

14. The volume (in mL) of 0.1 M  $AgNO_3$  required for complete precipitation of chloride ions present in 30 mL of 0.01 M solution of  $[Cr(H_2O)_5Cl]Cl_2$ , as silver chloride is close to

#### ANSWER: 6

15. In 1 L saturated solution of  $AgCl [K_{sp}(AgCl) = 1.6 \times 10^{-10}]$ , 0.1 mol of  $CuCl [K_{sp}(CuCl) = 1.0 \times 10^{-6}]$  is added. The resultant concentration of  $Ag^+$  in the solution is  $1.6 \times 10^{-x}$ . The value of "x" is

#### ANSWER: 7

16. The number of hexagonal faces that are present in a truncated octahedron is

#### ANSWER: 8

17. The maximum number of isomers (including stereoisomers) that are possible on monochlorination of the following compound, is

#### ANSWER: 8

18. The total number of contributing structures showing hyperconjugation (involving C-H bonds) for the following carbocation is

#### ANSWER: 6

## **SECTION – IV (Total Marks: 16)**

(Matrix-Match Type)

This section contains **2 questions**. Each question has **four statements** (A, B, C and D) given in **Column I** and **five statements** (p, q, r, s and t) in **Column II**. Any given statement in Column I can have correct matching with **ONE** or **MORE** statement(s) given in Column II. For example, if for a given question, statement B matches with the statements given in q and r, then for the particular question, against statement B, darken the bubbles corresponding to q and r in the ORS.

19. Match the transformations in column I with appropriate options in column II

	Column I		Column II
(A)	$CO_2(s) \rightarrow CO_2(g)$	(p)	phase transition
(B)	$CaCO_3(s) \rightarrow CaO(s) + CO_2(g)$	(p)	allotropic change
(C)	$2 H^{\bullet} \rightarrow H_2(g)$	(r)	ΔH is positive
(D)	$P_{\text{(white, solid)}} \rightarrow P_{\text{(red, solid)}}$	(s)	$\Delta S$ is positive
		(t)	$\Delta S$ is negative

**ANSWER A:** p, r and s

B:rands

C:t

D:p,q and t

20. Match the reactions in **column I** with appropriate types of steps/reactive intermediate involved in these reactions as given in **column II** 

#### Column I

(B) 
$$O$$
  $CH_2CH_2CH_2CI$   $CH_3MgI$   $CH_3$ 

(D) 
$$CH_2CH_2C(CH_3)_2$$
  $H_2SO_4$   $H_3C$   $CH_3$ 

### Column II

- (p) Nucleophilic substitution
- (q) Electrophilic substitution
- (r) Dehydration
- (s) Nucleophilic addition
- (t) Carbanion

ANSWER A: r, s and t

B:pands C:rands

D:qandr